

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE



EDoF - IOL

DEVICE DESCRIPTION:

The **Excel optics – INFINITE™ IOL** is a posterior chamber intraocular lens (IOL). It is designed to be positioned in the lens capsule to replace the optical function of the natural crystalline lens during cataract surgery. This Multifocal IOL contains a modified aspheric anterior surface which compensates for corneal spherical aberrations. This IOL contains a posterior square edge that provides a 360-degree barrier to prevent PCO and center optic 1.25 mm zone gives an additional power of +3.50 D.

The **Excel optics – INFINITE™ IOL** is a one-piece, foldable, posterior chamber lens with an overall diameter of 14.0 mm and an optics diameter of 7.0 mm.

The **Excel optics - INFINITE™ IOL** is designed to slightly extend the depth of focus compared to the Excel Monofocal lens series, as measured in bench testing. The power profile decreases towards the periphery outside the central 1.25 mm diameter in a manner comparable to the Monofocal single Piece IOL, (Model: TF 6020ASE), enabling the same correction of corneal spherical aberration and resulting in comparable distance image quality to the Monofocal single Piece IOL. For 3 mm diameter pupil, however, clinically meaningful extension of depth of focus has not been demonstrated in clinical trials. In general, extending the depth of focus negatively affects the quality of vision at far distances. Vision quality can be estimated using non-clinical testing.

Infinite IOL is supplied along with a Disposable Injector and Cartridge system in a sterile package.

The Lens with the delivery system is available in full diopter range (5.0 D to 34.0 D) for use in micro-incision surgical techniques for cataract surgery.

Optic Material: Hydroxyl Ethyl Methacrylate (HEMA)

Optic Design: Multifocal, Refractive EDOF, Aspheric Biconvex optics with 360° Enhanced Square Edge 300µm square depth.

Diopter range: 5.00 to +34.0 diopters in 0.5 increments

Refractive:1.46

Estimated A-Constant: 118.0

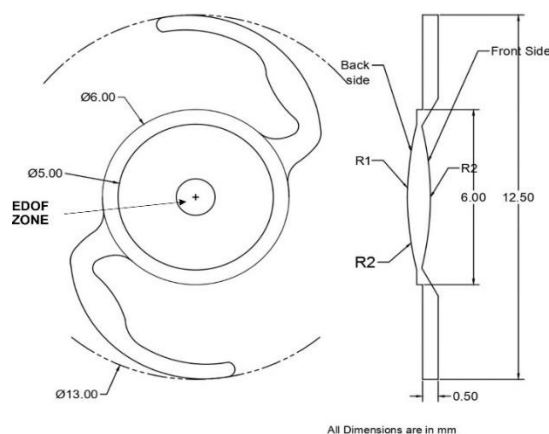
Angulation:0°

PRODUCT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION:

INFINITE EDOF

Model	Optic size (mm)	Overall length (mm)	Position hole	Optic Design	Placement	Haptic Design	Image
TF 7014 EDF	7.00	14.00	0	Biconvex	Posterior Chamber	Modified "L"	
TF 6030 EDF	6.00	13.00	0	Biconvex	Posterior Chamber	Modified "L"	
TF 6530 EDF	6.50	13.00	0	Biconvex	Posterior Chamber	Modified "L"	

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INFINITE – EDOF

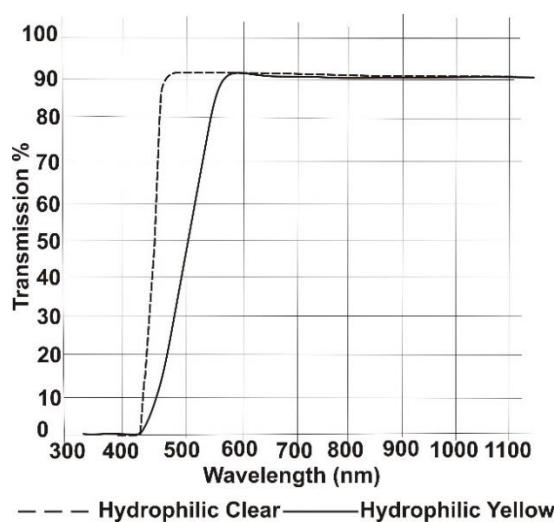


Figure 1. Transmittance graph of Hydrophilic Material

INDICATIONS

INFINITE™ IOL is a clear HEMA one-piece Posterior Chamber Intraocular Lens. The intraocular lens is designed to be used for visual correction of aphakia for primary implantation for the visual correction of aphakia with adult patients where a cataractous lens has been removed by extracapsular extraction methods. It is intended for implanting in the Posterior chamber of the eye.

INTENDED USER:

Ophthalmic surgeons only.

INTENDED PURPOSE:

The Lens is intended to provide vision correction after the eyes natural lens is removed because of cataract surgery.

PATIENT TARGET GROUP:

Aphakic adult patients of age 18 years and above.

MODE OF ACTION:

The **INFINITE™** IOL is intended to be positioned in the posterior chamber of the eye, replacing the natural crystalline lens. This position allows the lens to function as a refractive medium in the correction of aphakia. It functions as a refractive element to help in focusing the light rays which are coming through the cornea on to the retina.

CALCULATION OF LENS POWER

The power of the lens to be implanted should be determined preoperatively.

Prerequisites of successful visual outcomes of cataract surgery include accurate biometry. Pre-surgery calculation of required lens power should be determined using expertise by the surgeon as per the preference. An estimated theoretical A-Constant value is mentioned on the IOL packaging outer label. These

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reference A-Constants anticipate the use of other parameters such as corneal curvature and axial length values from respective biometry equipment, required for power calculation and a spectacle distance vision at 6 meters or 20 feet. IOL power calculation methods are often included with biometry equipment, and they are also described in the references mentioned below. It is recommended to personalize the lens A constants to compensate differences in instrumentation, surgical techniques, and IOL power calculation formulas that may exist between clinical practice.

- Retzlaff, J.A., Sanders D.R., and Kraff, M.C., "Development of the SRK/T intraocular lens implant power calculation formula," Journal of Cataract and Refractive Surgery, Vol. pp. 222-240, 1990; ERRATA, Vol. 16 pp. 528, 1990.
- Hoffer KJ. The Hoffer Q formula: a comparison of theoretic and regression formulas. J. Cataract Refract Sur. 1993;19(6):700-12.
- Holladay JT. et al Standardizing constants for ultrasonic biometry, keratometry, and intraocular lens power calculations. J. Cataract Refract Surg. 1997;23(9):1356-70.

RECOMMENDATION FOR CHOOSING LENS DELIVERY SYSTEM:

The use of a lens delivery system is essential for the implantation of intraocular lens. It consists of cartridge, injector, and cushion.

"TRUFOLD" Hydrophilic IOL is supplied in Single/Regular pack,
Lens Delivery System also can be supplied in Single pack along with IOL depending upon Surgeon's requirement.



CONTRAINDICATIONS:

- Patients with the following conditions are not suitable candidates for IOL operation. If doing so, it may pose unreasonable risk to the patient's eyesight.
- Prior intraocular surgery in the operative eye,
- Multiple surgical procedures,
- Acute infection or inflammation in the eye,
- Chronic use of steroids, or antineoplastic agents,
- Aniridia
- Significant corneal or external surface disease e.g. dry eye, keratoconus,
- Rubella, traumatic or congenital / development of cataract
- Corneal dystrophy especially endothelial dystrophy, marked microphthalmous, marked microphthalmous, Chronic medically uncontrolled glaucoma,
- Systematic diseases with ocular manifestations (e.g. diabetes, complications of AIDS) which may contribute to postoperative. confounding of data interpretation,
- Congenital bilateral cataracts,

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- Patients with recurrent anterior or posterior segment inflammation of other forms of chronic angle closure glaucoma, and patients in whom IOL interfere with the ability to observe, diagnose, or treat posterior segment disease,
- Patients with only one eye with potentially good vision.

Certain surgical complications may occur which contraindicate the use of hydrogel lenses.

They include:

- Posterior capsular rupture,
- Detached Descemet's membrane,
- Significant anterior chamber bleeding,
- Iris damage, Vitreous loss,
- Persistent bleeding,
- Inability to clean the anterior chamber of vitreous.
- Uncontrollable positive pressure.

WARNINGS, UNDESIRABLE SIDE EFFECTS AND RESIDUAL RISK:

- The complications listed below may occur following implantation of any IOL and may require treatment, or in severe cases can lead to secondary surgery for which the surgeon should carefully evaluate the risk/benefit ratio.
- Possible complications linked to surgery for crystalline lens removal and IOL implantation include, but are not limited to, those listed below. The risks of accidents and side effects are practically same as found during the extraction of cataract in particular: lens dislocation, non-pigment precipitates, corneal endothelial damage, high intraocular pressure, infection (endophthalmitis), corneal edema, pupillary membranes, flat anterior chamber, iris prolapse, hypopyon, and secondary glaucoma, Temporary Collapse of the anterior Chamber, Retinal detachment, Pupillary block, Iridocyclitis, Vitritis, Temporary Fistula, Cystoid macular edema, Formation of a posterior membrane, Hyphema, Vascular occlusion, Dystrophy of corneal endothelium, Striated Keratitis, Hernia of vitreous in anterior chamber, Subluxation or luxation of lens, Secondary reopacification, Evisceration or enucleation, Presence of Intra-ocular debris, Ophthalmitis, Malposition of the lens, Ablation of the lens.
- The effectiveness of UV-inhibiting intraocular lenses in reducing the incidence of retinal disorders has not been established.
- Special consideration should be given to the dimensions of lenses at the extreme ends of the power range in relation to the anatomical clearances in the patient's eye. The potential impact of factors such as optic central thickness, optic edge thickness and overall lens size on a patient's long-term clinical outcome must be carefully weighed against the potential benefit associated with the implantation of an intraocular lens. This is particularly true for anterior chamber lenses. The patient's clinical progress should be carefully monitored.
- Patient's regular follow-up is especially important after the implantation of the anterior chamber lens which includes the monitoring of the changes in the intraocular pressure and corneal endothelial cell count.

PRECAUTIONS:

- Do not attempt to re-sterilize this lens,
- Do not store the lens in direct sunlight, keep away from freezing.
- Do not use the lens if the sterile packaging has been opened or damaged,
- Do not soak the lens in solutions other than balanced salt solution or equivalent,
- A high level of surgical skill is required for intraocular lens implantation.
- A surgeon should have observed or assisted in numerous surgical implantations and should have completed one or more courses on intraocular lens implantation before attempting to implant intraocular lenses.
- Use injectors supplied only by Excel for implementing Foldable lenses, which minimize surgical trauma and in turn immediate post-operative inflammations.

Note: Because the lens and the packaging materials are plastic, the lens may pick up an electrostatic charge upon opening the package. The lens should be carefully examined to ensure that particles have not been attracted to it.

Implantation of intraocular lenses should not be performed in patients under the age of 18.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Preparatory Steps:

- Prior to implantation examine the lens of power, type, proper configuration, and optical surfaces.
- During insertion handle lenses by haptic portion only.
- Carton box contains extra labels. These are for convenience in maintaining and reporting records of implantable lenses during clinical investigation. One the labels could be affixed in patients case sheet, for future reference.
- "Rinse the lenses in sterile B.S. Solution before implantation to minimize the static discharge which enhance the microbial contamination".

Implanting Steps:

- In a sterile environment, peel apart to open the pouch and remove the lens holding Blister case.
- Gentle peel the aluminium foil of the blister case with care and grasp the lens optics using smooth edged forceps and lift.
- Soak or rinse lens in sterile balanced salt solution or sterile normal saline solution.
- The lens, due to some static charge produced while opening the blister case, may stick to the foil cap in rare instances.
- Ensure that the lens is in good condition, check optic and haptic surfaces for adherence of any particles.
- Do not attempt to re sterilize this lens.
- Do not autoclave this lens.
- Handle the lens carefully. Locking forceps or needle holders should never be used to pick up lenses.
- Follow the instructions given in "INJECTING TECHNIQUE "given at the end of this IFU to Implant the IOL.

CLINICAL BENEFITS:

- The clinical benefit of the implantation of an IOL for cataract patients is the prevention of blindness.
- **INFINITE™** Lens provides functional far vision, improves patients' quality of life.

HOW SUPPLIED:

Each carton box contains one IOL, Injector, Cartridge, an implant card, (instructions for completion of implant card is given below) and product traceability labels. **INFINITE™** Intraocular lenses are supplied in a lens case contained within a heat-sealed Paper peel pouch and terminally sterilized using Steam Sterilization. IOL Disposable Injector and Cartridge are sterilized using Ethylene Oxide. The contents of the pouch are sterile unless the package is opened or damaged.

The outer box should be opened in sterile condition only.

IMPLANT CARD

The implant card supplied with this device is to be completed by the healthcare provider. A product traceability label also supplied with this device must be affixed to the implant card after completion of the surgery. The additional labels can be used for the patient file or clinical follow up. Completed implant cards must be provided to the patient post-procedure. Patients should be instructed to keep the card as a permanent record of their implant. The patient should also be instructed to show the card to any eye practitioner he or she may see in the future.

WARNINGS:

- As with any surgical procedure, there is risk involved potential complications accompanying cataract or implant surgery may include, but are not limited to the following: Lens dislocation, non-pigment percolates, corneal endothelial damage, high intraocular pressure, infection, iritis, corneal edema etc.,
- The safety of intraocular lens implantation has not been substantiated in patients with pre-existing ocular conditions (chronic drug myosis, glaucoma, amblyopia, diabetic retinopathy, previous corneal transplant, history of retinal detachment or iritis etc) Physicians considering lens implantation in such patients should explore the use of alternative methods of aphakic correction and consider lens implantation only if alternative is deemed unsatisfactory to meet the needs of the patients.
- The long-term effect of intraocular lens implantation has not been determined. Therefore, Physicians should continue to monitor the patient's post-operative on a regular basis.

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- Patients with ocular pathology, e.g. glaucoma or Corneal diseases may not achieve the visual acuity of patients without such problems. The intraocular pressure of implant patients with ocular pathology should be monitored post-operatively.
- Patients who experience operative complications should be carefully monitored for occurrence of these complications.
- The safety and effectiveness of the posterior chamber lens, if placed in the anterior chamber have shown to be unsafe in some cases.
- The need for secondary iridectomy for pupillary block may be prevented by one or more iridectomies at the time of intraocular implantation.
- The effectiveness of UV absorbing lenses in reducing the incidence of retinal disorder has not been established.
- Improper handling or folding techniques may cause damage to the haptic or optic portions of hydrophilic foldable lenses. If lenses are not folded according to directions, optic tears may result. Physicians should not attempt to implant lenses that have radial optic tears.

REPORTING OF SERIOUS INCIDENTS:

Users should report the serious incident with medical device information to the manufacturer and/or to the national competent authority depending on the national practice. Once corrective (or other) action is identified from the manufacturer, hospital administrators, medical practitioners, and other health-care professionals, and USER representatives responsible for the maintenance and the safety of MEDICAL DEVICES, can take the necessary steps. Such steps should, where practicable, be taken in co-operation with the MANUFACTURER. For the purposes of Medical Devices Vigilance System in member states are represented by appointed National Competent Authorities, their vigilance contact points being listed on the European Commission web site:http://ec.europa.eu/growth/sectors/medicaldevices/contacts/index_en.html

SUMMARY OF SAFETY AND CLINICAL PERFORMANCE:

Summary of Safety and Clinical Performance (SSCP) of this device will be available on the EUDAMED website <https://ec.europa.eu/tools/eudamed> after notified body acceptance of SSCP.

CAUTION:

GOVERNMENT LAWS RESTRICTS THIS DEVICE TO SALE BY OR ON THE ORDER OF A PHYSICIAN

DISPOSAL

Discarded IOLs (used or unused) are classified as medical (clinical) waste that harbours a potential infection or microbial hazard and must be disposed of accordingly.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store between 0°C to 40°C temperature.

EXPIRATION DATE:

- The expiration date on the lens package is the sterility expiration date.
- Do not use the IOL after the expiration date.
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LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

























EXCEL OPTICS (P) LIMITED accepts no liability for any injury suffered to patients as a result of:

- Any implantation method or technique used by a physician to implant the lens.
- Any prescription, and use of the lens for any individual patient or patient's conditions.

Excel Optics (P) Limited, makes no expressed or implied warranties in connection with the sale of the IOL.

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Symbols and their explanations

	Authorized Representative in the European community		Intraocular Lenses
	Sterilized using Steam Sterilization		Do not re-sterilize
	Storage Condition between 5°C to 40°C		Keep away from sunlight
	Manufacturer		Consult Instructions for Use
	Sterile Batch No		Keep Dry
	Unique device identifier		Medical Device
	For Cartridge - Single sterile barrier system		Double sterile barrier system
	Model Number		Use By Date
	Do not Use If package is Damaged		Date of Manufacturer
	Country of Manufacture		Posterior Chamber
	Ultraviolet		Do Not re-use
	Caution		Serial Number

	MED DEVICES LIFESCIENCES B.V. Keizersgracht 482, 1017EG Amsterdam, The Netherlands Phone: +31 – 202254558, info@meddevices.net
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	EXCEL OPTICS (P) LIMITED New No: 31A & 31B, Old. No: 15A & 15 B, 2 nd Street, Logan than Nagar, Choolaimedu, Chennai – 600 094.INDIA E-mail: excel_factory@hotmail.com www.exceloptics.net	CE 1434 ISO 13485:2016 Certified Company
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INJECTING TECHNIQUE STEP BY STEP: INTRAOCULAR LENS.

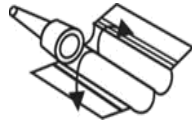


Fig.01

1. The Cartridge is to be opened 180° open position for most suitable position for loading the Lens.

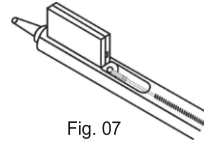


Fig. 07

7. Load the cartridge into the injector as shown in Fig .07 only if there is no gap between the shutters.

2. Apply a thin layer of Viscoelastic in the lens loading chamber and a very small amount in the barrel and hinge will serve as a lubricant for the free movement of lens during the injection process.

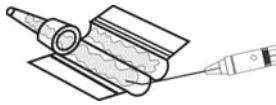


Fig.02

Recommendation: Do not push the plunger tip forcefully till the end of Cartridge- as shown in Fig.08.It may damage the cartridge and lens.

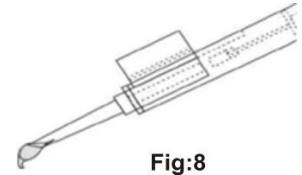


Fig:8

Note: Pushing the plunger tip till the end of cartridge tip is not necessary to deliver the lens. While pushing if you feel any resistance release the thumb and take the lens out. Immerse the lens in BSS solution. Again, reload the lens as per step no. 3,4 & 5

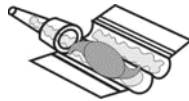


Fig.03

3. After the lens is well placed in the cartridge, ensure that it is correctly centered (Pl. See Fig.03)



8. Gently push the lens and release the thumb, the same action can be repeated until the lens moves towards the cartridge tip end – as shown in Fig.09.

4. Applying a few drops of BS solution on the surface of the lens, as in Fig.04, will help to keep the lens in hydrated condition. Especially for the Hydrophilic, this is helpful.

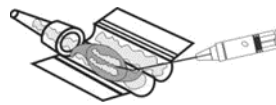


Fig.04

9.Gently release the thumb pressure given to plunger, when 80% of the lens is out.The Plunger will automatically come back, and at the same time the lens will pull itself out from the cartridge.If required, small push may be given to get the lens out fully.To avoid rotating of Lens while it is coming from the cartridge the lens has to be properly loaded in center of cartridge and near by barrel area.

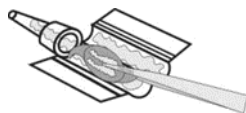
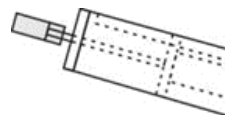


Fig.05

5. Using Flat Forceps gently press the center of the lens and at the same time closes the cartridge without pinching the loop or the sides of the optic.



Applicable for soft disposable tip Injectors only

6. Make sure neither the haptic nor the optics is caught in between the shutters (if it happens some gap will be observed between the shutters after closing the cartridge) as shown in Fig.06.If the gap is observed, repeat step no. 3,4& 5

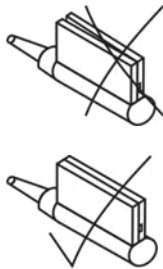


Fig.06

Disposable tip has a soft silicone sleeve attached to one end of the plunger tip.

Hold the silicone covered end and insert the other end in to the tip of the plunger and straighten it tightly.

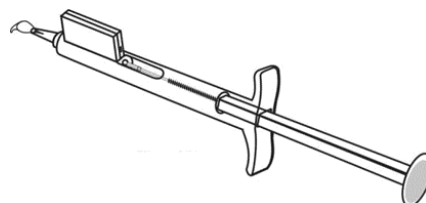


Fig.10